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ПЛАН-КОНСПЕКТ УРОКА «WELCOME TO BASHKORTOSTAN»

Цель урока:

- *образовательная* – развитие речевых умений, умения систематизировать учебный материал, уметь применять его в учебной ситуации;
- *развивающая* – развитие самостоятельности, индивидуальности, умения высказываться логично и связанно, с достаточной скоростью, выражая законченную мысль;
- *воспитательная* – привитие учащимся любви к родной Республике, уважительного отношения к своему народу. Воспитание умения работать в коллективе, прислушиваясь к мнению товарищей.

Практические задачи:

Систематизировать и обобщить знаний учащихся по теме «Мой родной край - Башкортостан». Совершенствовать навыков чтения, умений аудирования, развивать речевые умения.

Ожидаемые результаты: Развитие языковых и интеллектуальных способностей, устойчивого интереса к изучению иностранного языка, историю и культуру родного края, потребности в самообразовании, повышение ИКТ компетентности учащихся.



Материалы и ресурсы: Карты России и Башкортостана, плакат “East or West - home is best!”, компьютер, экран, мультимедийный проектор, презентация Pour Point, проектные работы учащихся, вопросы викторины, звуковой файл с башкирской мелодией.

Межпредметные связи: английский язык, география, история и культура РБ, информационные технологии, ИЗО, башкирская литература.

Тип урока: урок с применением ИКТ.

Форма проведения: презентация проектов по теме "Мой родной край»

Эпиграф урока: «East or West - home is best!».

План урока:

I. Организационный этап урока (слайд 1)

II. Подготовка к основному этапу: целепологание, мотивация

T: They say, “East or West - home is best!” So, today we have the final lesson on the topic “My country-Bashkortostan”. We were working very hard for a long time on your projects «Country Fact File about Bashkortostan». Well, today we can choose the best projects together with the experts from group B, and then can send them to our friends from Romania. Let’s start according to the plan of the Presentation: “Fact File about Bashkortostan”: Listen carefully and get ready to answer the questions of the quiz at the end of the lesson.

III. Основной этап

1. LOCATION AND POPULATION OF BASHKORTOSTAN (слайды 1, 2).

Bashkortostan is located in the southern Ural Mountains, where Europe meets Asia, the territory is 143,600 square kilometers. The distance from the North to the South of the country is 550 kilometres and from East to West 430 kilometres. Bashkortostan is bonded by Tatarstan, Udmurtiya, Perm, Sverdlovsk and Orenburg regions of Russia. The population of Bashkortostan is over 4 million people. There are about one hundred different nationalities live in Bashkortostan: Bashkirs, Russians, Tatars, Chuvashes, Maris, Ukrainians Germans and etc. The original people of the territory



are the Bashkirs. Bashkortostan is made up of 54 administrative districts, 21 cities and 40 smaller towns and 4,620 villages.

2. THE STATE SYSTEM OF BASHKORTOSTAN (*слайд 3*). The Republic of Bashkortostan is an independent democratic state within the multi-national Russian Federation. The Independent Republic of Bashkortostan was created on 11th October, 1990. The Head of State in the Republic is the President. The government consists of legislative (lawmaking), executive (president and cabinet) and judicial (legal) bodies. The highest legislative government body is the State Assembly or Kurultai. The Kurultai is elected every five years and it has a two-chamber structure: the Chamber of Representatives and the Legislative Chamber.

3. THE STATE SYMBOLS OF BASHKORTOSTAN (*слайды 4, 5*). The State Symbols of Bashkortostan Republic are the State Flag, the National Anthem and the State Insignia. Bashkortostan republic state insignia has a picture of Salavat Yulaev monument and the rays of rising sun as a background inside the circle framed with the national ornament. Kurai floscule, the ribbon of the same colors with the State flag of Bashkortostan Republic, Signed "Bashkortostan" in white is in the bottom. The National Anthem of Bashkortostan Republic "The Republic" composed by composer Farit Idrisov. The State Flag of Bashkortostan Republic has green, white and blue stripes. In the centre of the flag is the emblem of a golden kurai flower with seven petals. They mean seven tribes which came together originally to form the Bashkir people. The blue stripe stands for clarity, virtue and the purity of the people of the republic. The white stripe stands for peace, openness, and the readiness for mutual cooperation that the people of Bashkortostan maintain. Finally, the green stripe stands for freedom and the eternal life of the country.

4. GEOGRAPHICAL FEATURES OF BASHKORTOSTAN (*слайды 6, 7*). Geographical features including high mountains, rich forests, large steppes, and more than 800 lakes, all give Bashkortostan a natural beauty. The highest point of Bashkortostan is the Mt. Yamantau in the South Urals (1864 m)). There are more than



600 rivers in the Republic the longest of which is the Aghidel (The White River). Many of the rivers in Bashkortostan flow directly into the Caspian Sea. Winters in Bashkortostan are cold and snowy, and summers are warm, sometimes hot. Bashkortostan is rich in plant and animal life. The famous Kapov Cave is called the 'singing cave' because of the sound made by drops of water falling from the stalactites which created a musical, tapping sound.

5. THE LAND OF HONEY (*слайд 8*). One of the treasures of the Bashkir forest is Bashkir honey. The main physical-chemical characteristics and food quality of Bashkirian honey is out of line with other sorts of Russian honey. Bashkirian honey is collected from wild forest bees that nest in the hollows trunks of huge trees. It is very special honey, particular the lime honey, golden and very aromatic. Bee and honey have been symbols of Bashkortostan for a long time.

6. UFA – THE CAPITAL CITY OF BASHKORTOSTAN (*слайды 9, 10*). The capital city Ufa is a large industrial, scientific and cultural centre of the country. It was founded in 1574. There are above 1 million people live in Ufa. It is the largest river port in the Urals and one of the leaders in the Russian Federation in economic potential.

7. THEATRES AND MUSEUMS IN UFA (*слайды 11-16*). The capital can boasts six theatres: the Bashkir State Academic Drama Theatre named after M. Gafuri, the Russian Academic Drama Theatre of Bashkortostan, the State Opera Theatre, National Young People Theatre of Bashkortostan, the "Nour" Ufa state Tatar Theatre, the State Puppet Theatre. There are many museums in Bashkortostan. Among them are the National Museum of the Republic of Bashkortostan and the Nesterov Museum of Art. We have also the Bashkir State Circus.

8. THE "SALAVAT YULAEV" ICE-HOCKEY CLUB (*слайд 17*). The "Salavat Yulaev" ice-hockey club is very popular in our country. All hockey lovers are interest of its games and players. The "Salavat Yulaev" ice-hockey club was organized in Ufa in 1961. In total, it has played 678 games of the other championships. The «Salavat Yulaev» ice-hockey club has brought up ice-hockey players: I.Kravchuk-

twice Olympic champion, I.Ghimaev, A.Semak-world and European champions. It is the best achievement of the club.

9. SABANTUI (*слайд 18*). The name Sabantui comes from *saban*, which means a plough in the Bashkiri language, and *tui*, which means a festival. So Sabantui is the festival of the plough. The festival starts with Sabantui horse racing. Then other contests begin. Some try their luck at pole climbing, while others try climbing a pole placed at an angle to the ground which. The sack race is also very popular. Some people move in giant leaps, some take tiny steps, some jump on one foot. A popular race for women involves racing with two buckets filled with water. The festival continues until late at night, with cheerful songs, energetic dancing, and with the tender sounds of the kurai.

10. FAMOUS WRITERS AND WELL-KNOWN PAINTERS (*слайд 19, 20*). Mustai Karim, an outstanding poet, a writer and a philosopher. Mustai Karim wrote about his native place, showed different Bashkir types and the life of the original people of the village and the image of the legendary Salawat. Zainab Biisheva is one of the famous Bashkir writers. The most important of her works is the trilogy "To the light". Boris Domashnikov is a well-known painter. His works is marked by his love of nature and the countryside.

IV. Контроль и самоконтроль знаний (слайд «Викторина»)

QUIZ: BASHKORTOSTAN

1. What is the population of Bashkortostan? (over 4 million people)
2. Who is Salavat Yulaev? (the national hero and legendary poet of Bashkir people)
3. What is the national musical instrument? (the kurai, made of kurai, a reed plant)
4. What is the highest point of Bashkortostan? (the Mt. Yamantau in the South Urals (1864 m))
5. What is the longest river in our Republic? (the Aghidel (1430 km))
6. What colour is the national flag of Bashkortostan? (green, white and blue)



7. What is one of the treasures of the Bashkir forest? (Bashkir honey)

QUIZ: UFA - THE CAPITAL CITY OF BASHKORTOSTAN

1. Where is Ufa located? (in the South Urals, on the hill named Uba)

2. When was it founded? (in 1574)

3. What was the name of the first street? (Uspenskaya, later Usolskaya, and now Sochinskaya)

4. What is the emblem of the city? (a marten)

5. How many people live in Ufa? (over 1 million people)

6. What rivers are there in Ufa? (the Aghidel, the Karaidel and the Dim (Dyoma))

7. Is there a circus in Ufa? (the Bashkir State Circus)

8. What are the famous monuments in Ufa? (the monument to Salavat Yulaev, the monument of Friendship)

V. Подведение итогов урока. Рефлексия

T: Can you tell us what projects are the best? I hope you and our guests from group B enjoyed it. The lesson is over. Thank you very much. Good- bye!

Используемые источники информации

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5. Special issue Passport to Bashkortostan, M., 1993.

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